



# VanEssa mobilcamping

## Cleaning of VanEssa camping furniture

-Made in Germany -

### 1. Surface

The high-pressure laminate (HPL) used in our camping furniture has been used for many decades in the furniture sector, among others. It has a unique extremely robust, resistant, modern and very decorative surface.

The surface of our furniture, made of HPL, is characterized by excellent material properties, is durable, hygienic and easy to clean. The production of HPL is based on a proven technology. It was developed to meet the high demands of daily use and is easy to clean and maintain due to its almost non-porous surface, it is easy to clean and maintain.

Below you will find cleaning recommendations so that you can enjoy your product for a long time.

### 2. Cleaning

Simply clean the surface with warm water and then dry it with a paper or soft cloth. Otherwise, use cleaning agents such as detergent, glass cleaner, liquid or hard, non-re-greasing soap that have no abrasive ingredients. Depending on the degree of soiling, it is advisable to allow the cleaning agent to act accordingly. Then rinse with water and dry.

If necessary, repeat the process several times. Remove all residues of the cleaning agent to prevent streaking. Wipe the surface dry with a clean, absorbent cloth or a paper towel.

The above procedure can be improved using a non-abrasive cleaning sponge, microfiber cloth or plastic brush.

### 3. Contamination by microorganisms (bacteria, fungi, viruses)

The surface can be cleaned of many widespread microorganisms with ethanol (methylated spirits) with a high degree of certainty.

### 4. Contamination by household chemicals

HPL is a homogeneous material and resistant to most household chemicals. Although liquids cannot penetrate the material, soiling or stains must be wiped away immediately. Prolonged contact, mainly with corrosive substances, e.g. aggressive household cleaners, toilet cleaners and oven cleaners, should be avoided.

## **5. Contamination by lime**

Clean the surface with warm 10% acetic or citric acid solution and after 10 minutes rinse the surface thoroughly with warm water. If you use a descaler, rinse the surface immediately with water.

## **6. Contamination durch Paraffin- oder Wachsrückstände**

Residues of kerosene or wax should first be carefully removed mechanically - with a plastic or wooden spatula - to avoid scratching the surface wood spatula - to avoid scratching the surface. Place a blotting paper (e.g. blotting paper) on any remaining residue and briefly place a hot iron (level 1 / silk) on top.

## **7. Contamination by water-soluble paints, varnishes and adhesives**

Fresh contamination can usually be cleaned with warm water. For dried residues, solvents such as ethanol, acetone or cleaning benzene can be used.

## **8. Contamination due to solvent-based paints, varnishes and adhesives**

Fresh contamination can normally be cleaned with solvents, dried residues, if necessary, after a longer exposure time. Suitable solvents are ethanol, acetone or petroleum ether.

## **9. Contamination through 2-component adhesives and coatings**

Impurities from 2-component adhesives and varnishes must be removed from the HPL immediately. After curing, it is no longer possible to remove these contaminants without residue removed. The surface must be cleaned immediately with a suitable organic solvent; the manufacturer's instructions for the respective adhesive or paint system must also be observed. 2-component adhesives and varnishes are based, for example, on epoxy resin or polyurethane (PU).

## **10. Contamination by silicone or polyurethane-based sealing material**

Residues of sealing material should first be carefully removed mechanically with a plastic or wooden spatula to avoid scratching the surface. wood spatula to avoid scratching the surface. Remaining residues can be cleaned with suitable removers (follow manufacturer's instructions).

## **11. Contamination by solvents**

After contact of the surface with solvents, it must be subsequently washed with warm water and then dried with a clean, soft, absorbent cloth or a paper towel.

## **12. Avoidance of scratches**

In order to avoid streaks and scratches etc., sleep boards, kitchen surfaces resp. rear board should be cleaned cleanly as described above. There should be no food residues, objects or the like on the surfaces before they are pushed onto each other for assembly or disassembly on top of each other for assembly or disassembly. For protection we recommend to put an additional anti-slip mat between the boards etc. anti-slip mat between the boards etc.

## **13. Cleaning the water canister, hose and pump**

With gentle cleaners such as lemon cleaner; run water/cleaner mixture through pump.  
NO VINEGAR CLEANER! Water tank: e.g. with Kukident, let it soak for a longer time.

### **Important Notice:**

This elaboration is for informational purposes only. The information contained in this document has been compiled to the best of our knowledge and belief. However, we do not guarantee the accuracy and completeness of the information. Each reader must therefore ascertain for himself whether the information is accurate and suitable for his purposes.

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